

Nonfiction Text Features

Guide Words

Title Page

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Glossary

Heading, subheading

Keywords

Illustrations and photographs

Captions

Diagrams

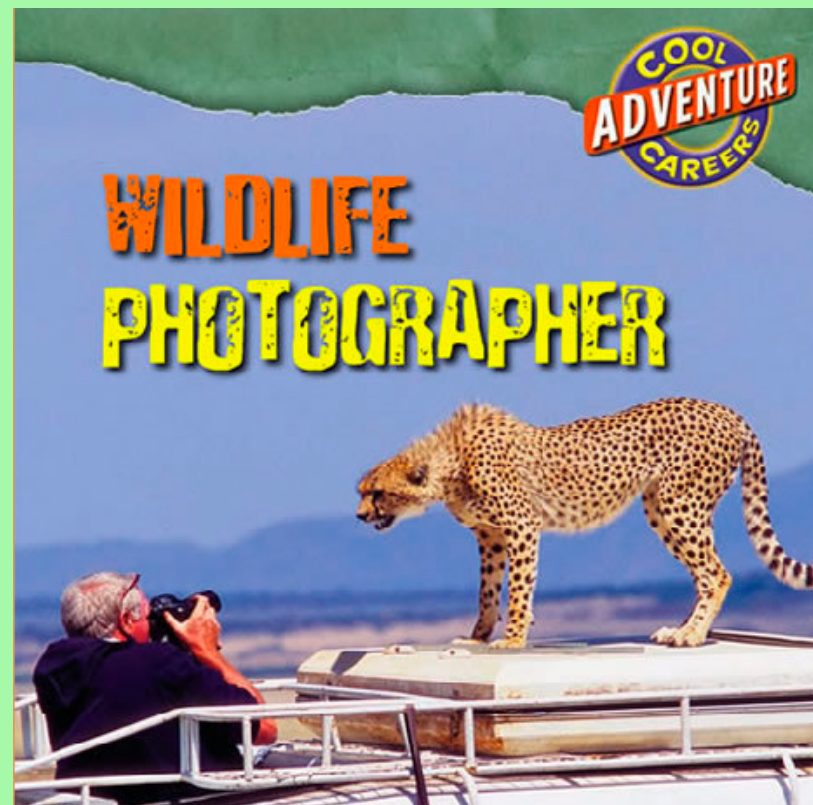
Labels

Text box

Maps

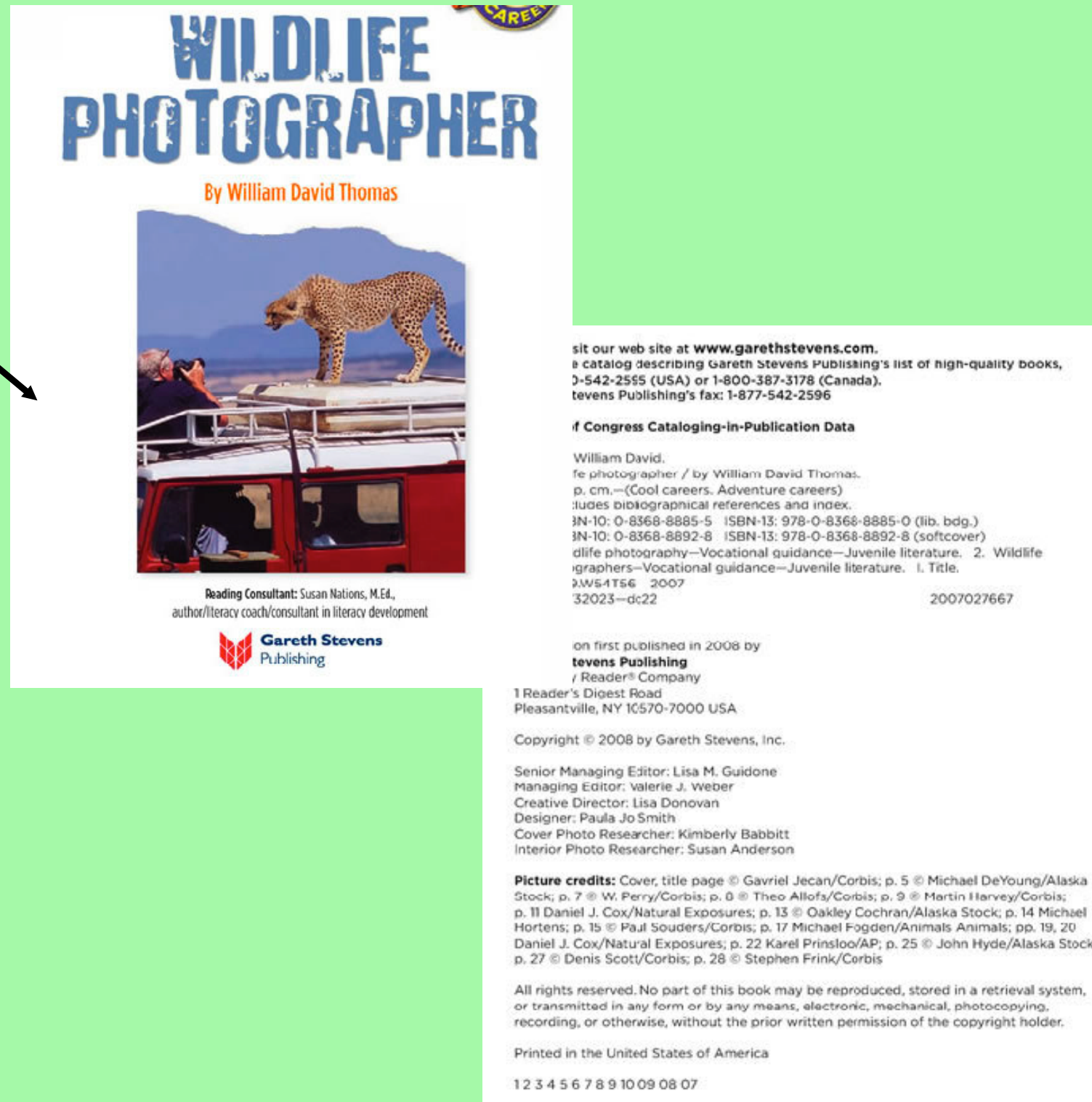
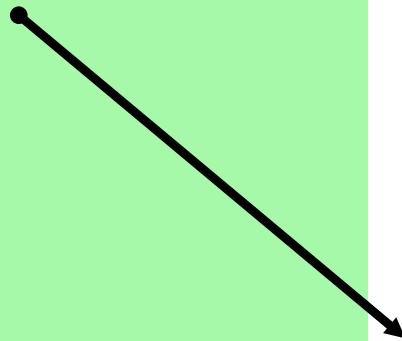
Charts: schedules, tables, etc.

Nonfiction Text Features



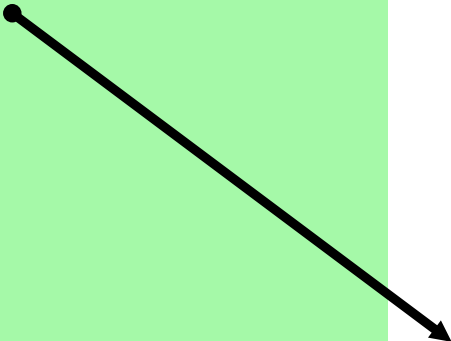
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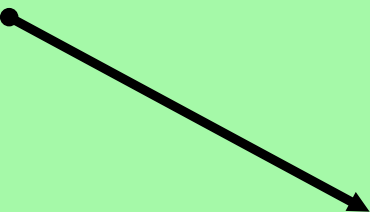
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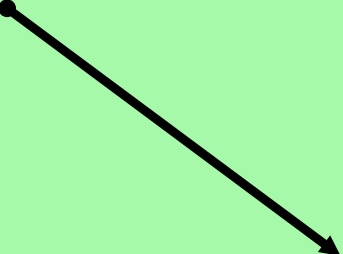


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Nonfiction Text Features

Glossary



GLOSSARY

- aperture** — a hole behind a camera lens that controls the amount of light that shines onto the film
- contract** — a written and signed agreement to do something
- controversy** — an argument or dispute
- coral reefs** — substances made of coral that have hardened into rock
- dry suit** — a waterproof outfit that traps a layer of air around a diver
- endangered species** — an animal at risk of disappearing forever
- extinct** — no longer living or existing
- glaciers** — huge masses of ice that move very slowly
- global warming** — a scientific theory that Earth's air, land, and water are getting warmer each year
- habitat** — the place where an animal or plant lives in nature
- hide** — a place where someone is hidden from animals
- infrared beams** — heat waves that are given off by people, animals, and other warm things
- protests** — gatherings of people who are objecting to an event, policy, or person
- quizzical** — curious or confused
- scuba** — air tanks and other gear used to breath while under water; the name comes from self-contained underwater breathing apoaratus
- shutter** — the part of the camera that opens to expose film to light when a photo is taken

Nonfiction Text Features

Heading (title)



CHAPTER 3

IN FORESTS AND JUNGLES

Subheading (subtitle)

Earth's forests and jungles are home to thousands of different animals. For much of the year, these places are home to many wildlife photographers, too.

The Northern Forests

Alaska has whales, bald eagles, wolves, and caribou. But Alaska's most famous animals are its bears. The brown bear is the largest land animal in North America. Some weigh more than 1,700 pounds (770 kilograms). Grizzly bears are almost as big. Both are incredibly strong. Even though they are big, they can move very fast. Photographing them is a dangerous job.

One person who does so is Lisa Anne Selner. She was once a scientist. Then she moved to Alaska and began taking pictures of bears. Now Selner is known as "Grizzly Annie."

Nonfiction Text Features

Keywords...

- are in the text
- part of a sentence
- can be **bold**, *italic* or **color** font

The Snow Leopard

The Himalayan Mountains in Asia are the highest in the world. In the fall of 1973, Peter Matthiessen walked into those mountains looking for a rare animal. Later, he wrote a book called *The Snow Leopard* about his trip.

Almost thirty years later, Ashley Spearing walked into the same snow-covered mountains. She, too, was searching for a snow leopard. But Spearing wasn't a writer. She came to get photographs.

Spearing's guides led her to trails used by the big cats. She set up cameras that detect **infrared beams**. Body heat from animals is given off in the form of infrared beams. Spearing had to think carefully about where to place her three cameras. The same trails were used by wolves, foxes, and sheep. She didn't want pictures of them.

Spearing's careful work paid off. She got more than a dozen photos of four different snow leopards. These pictures will help scientists learn how many snow leopards are left and how they behave.

Nonfiction Text Features

Illustration or photograph

Caption •

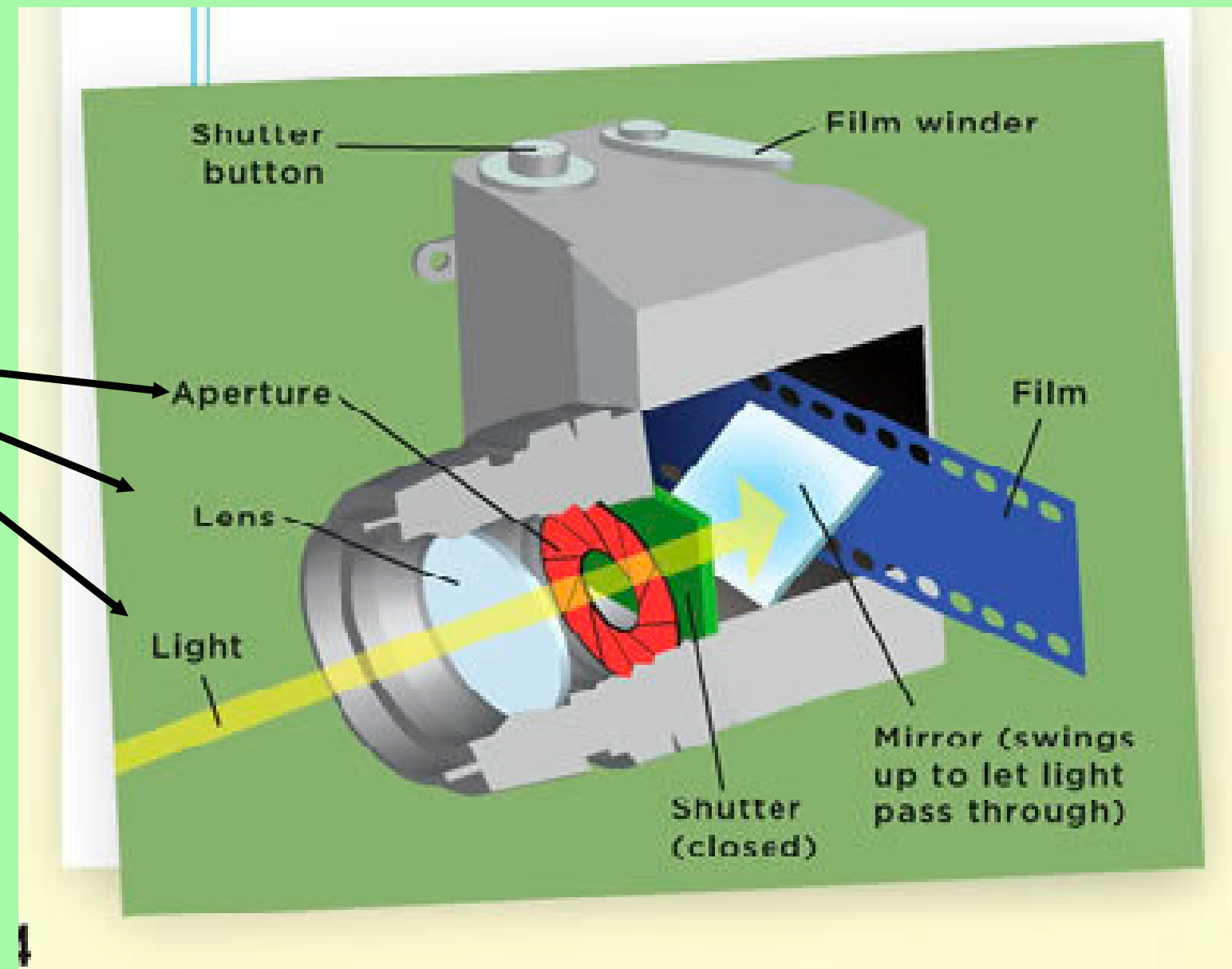


Check out those feet! These young snow leopards have broad paws to walk in snow on the mountains of central Asia.

Nonfiction Text Features

Diagram

Labels



Nonfiction Text Features

Text box

The Power of Pictures

Every spring in Canada, harp seals are hunted for their fur. When harp seals are very young, their fur is white. This fur is especially valuable. Hunters don't want to damage the fur, so they don't shoot the baby seals. They beat them to death with clubs. During the 1970s, some photographers took pictures of the hunt. For the first time, people around the world saw what was happening. Because of these wildlife photographs, **protests** began. Animal-rights groups now watch the hunters every year. They try to protect the smallest seals.

Map

Nonfiction Text Features



Nonfiction Text Features

Chart
Poster size
Brochure
Schedules
Table

WASHINGTON STATE FERRIES

Se

Fall 2008 Schedule Seattle / Bremerton

Try our [New Schedule Tool](#) and [tell us what you think](#)

Crossing Time: Approximately 60 minutes
WSF does not accept reservations for this route.

Daily
Leave Seattle

6:00 1	11:25 1	5:30 1	10:30 1
7:35 2	12:45 2	6:45 2	12:50 1
8:45 1	3:00 1	7:50 1	
10:15 2	4:20 2	9:05 2	

These sailing times operate Oct. 10 until further notice.

Daily
Leave Bremerton

4:50 1 ▲	10:15 1	4:15 1	9:00 1
6:20 2	11:30 2	5:30 2	11:40 1
7:20 1	12:35 1	6:40 1	
9:00 2	3:00 2	7:55 2	

These sailing times operate Oct. 10 until further notice.

Nonfiction Text Features

Another Schedule!

175

Weekday: Sept. 20, 2008 thru Feb. 6, 2009

- Read the [Adverse Weather Info](#) for this route.

Weekday

Route Map

To WEST FEDERAL WAY (Weekday):

4th Av & Lenora	2nd Av & Pike	2nd Av Ext S & S Jackson	Pacific Hwy S & Kent- Des Moines	S 312th & 13th Av S	Dash Point SW & SW 312th	Pacific Hwy S & S 308th
3:11pmH	3:15pmH	3:20pmH\$	3:47pmH\$	4:05pmH\$	4:10pmH\$	4:21pmH\$
4:10pmH	4:15pmH	4:21pmH\$	4:48pmH\$	5:06pmH\$	5:11pmH\$	5:22pmH\$
4:40pmH	4:45pmH	4:52pmH\$	5:19pmH\$	5:37pmH\$	5:42pmH\$	5:53pmH\$
5:10pmH	5:15pmH	5:22pmH\$	5:49pmH\$	6:07pmH\$	6:12pmH\$	6:23pmH\$
5:41pmH	5:45pmH	5:51pmH\$	6:18pmH\$	6:36pmH\$	6:41pmH\$	6:52pmH\$

To DOWNTOWN SEATTLE (Weekday):

S 312th & 13th Av S	SW Dash Point & SW 312th	4th Av S & S 305th	Pacific Hwy S & S 308th	Pacific Hwy S & Kent- Des Moines	4th Av & University	2nd Av & Pike	2nd Av Ext S & S Jackson
5:34amH	5:38amH	5:44amH	5:49amH	6:05amH	6:33amH\$	6:36amH\$	6:40amH\$
6:11amH	6:15amH	6:21amH	6:26amH	6:42amH	7:10amH\$	7:13amH\$	7:17amH\$
6:41amH	6:45amH	6:51amH	6:56amH	7:12amH	7:40amH\$	7:43amH\$	7:48amH\$
7:11amH	7:15amH	7:21amH	7:26amH	7:42amH	8:10amH\$	8:13amH\$	8:18amH\$

Encyclopedia Nonfiction Text Features

Guide Words

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Text box

Maps

Charts: schedules, tables, etc.

Brochures

Why:

To inform.

To invite.

To promote or persuade.

To market a product, attraction or event.

To create interest and good will.

What:

Single sheet, often folded

Promotional material advertising a

- Product
- Attraction
- Event

OR

Information only!

Features

May include:

- Text Boxes
- Maps
- Photographs and / or illustrations
- Diagrams
- Labels
- Captions
- Large, colorful font in different sizes or styles, may be **bold**!
- Charts or schedules or tables
- Titles

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